Activity/ Situation	COVID SECURE ARRANGEMENTS FROM 4 th JANUARY 2022						
Location	Lord D	eramore	e's Primary	School, Yo	ork, YO10) 5EE	
Persons at Risk	Pupils ⊠	Emp	ployees⊠ Visitors ⊠ Contractors □				tors 🗵
HAZARD(S)	 Note: this list is not exhaustive and must be adapted for your own needs Contact Between Individuals Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors and Contractors Site User Becoming Unwell Site User Developing Symptoms Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavirus Inadequate Ventilation Arrangements for Boarding Schools During Pandemic 						
CONTROL ME	EASURES		ADDITION INFORM		YES	NO	N/A
In considering all of the by ensuring that t	e below risks and potentia here is no adverse impact	control me	easures, please	be mindful of y staff / pupils w	our duties o	under the Ec	uality Act stics
Contact Between	Individuals						
It is no longer nece consistent groups	essary to keep childre	en in			\boxtimes		
Outbreak manager possibility that it ma	ment plans cover the ay become necessar es' for a temporary po	y to			×		
Assemblies have re	esumed		From Sept will have in Phase ass Whole sch celebration assemblied remain ren will be revi October ha	n-person eemblies. ool n s will note - this ewed at	×		
Pupils can mix at b	oreaks and lunchtime	S	Return to rebreak and arrangement	lunchtime	×		
Schools can under	take educational day	visits	Activities in Autumn/\\ 2021	idance for Schools Winter	×		
Schools can under education visits	take domestic reside	ential	Considera given to	ation	\boxtimes		

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	NYCC Guidance for Activities in Schools - Autumn/Winter 2021			
School has resumed all before and after-school educational activities and wraparound childcare for pupils	More information on planning extra- curricular provision can be found in the guidance for providers who run community activities, holiday clubs, after- school clubs, tuition and other out-of- school provision for children			
Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising				
A cleaning schedule that includes regular cleaning of areas and equipment (for example, twice per day), with a particular focus on frequently touched surfaces is in place	Civic Enterprise will implement an enhanced cleaning schedule, using the appropriate cleaning products they will be cleaning rooms and shared areas more thoroughly to reduce the risk of cross contamination. Additional cleaning will be specified to Civic Enterprise where school believe extra cleaning is required i.e. specific areas or equipment			
Electronic entry systems and keypads are regularly sanitised particularly first thing in the morning and where possible after each use	Entry systems are fob entry not requiring the use of a key pad			×
Bins for tissues and other rubbish are emptied throughout the day		\boxtimes		
Stocks of cleaning chemicals, liquid soap, paper towels, tissues, toilet roll, bin bags etc. regularly checked and additional supplies requested as necessary	Civic Enterprise fully stocked on all cleaning supplies required to carry out enhanced cleaning schedule. School has also put in place all necessary cleaning / disinfecting supplies required to give classes their own supply of products.	×		

	Including, tissues, hand wipes, hand gels, paper towels, clothes and anti-viral disinfectant.			
Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and F	amilies, Visitors and C	ontracto	rs	
Adults who are fully vaccinated and all children and young people aged between 5 and 18 years and 6 months identified as a contact of someone with COVID-19 are strongly advised to take a LFD test every day for 7 days and continue to attend their setting as normal, unless they have a positive test result	Close contacts in schools are now identified by NHS Test and Trace and education settings will no longer be expected to undertake contact tracing. Identified contacts will be contacted directly			
Daily testing of close contacts applies to all contacts who are: • fully vaccinated adults – people who have had 2 doses of an approved vaccine • all children and young people aged 5 to 18 years and 6 months, regardless of their vaccination status • people who are not able to get vaccinated for medical reasons people taking part, or have taken part, in an approved clinical trial for a COVID-19 vaccine	Children under 5 years are exempt from self-isolation and do not need to take part in daily testing of close contacts.			
Pupils with SEND identified as close contacts should be supported by their school and their families to agree the most appropriate route for testing including, where appropriate, additional support to assist swabbing.	For further information please see SEND Guidance	×		
Contacts from a school setting will only be traced by NHS Test and Trace where the positive case specifically identifies the individual as being a close contact	NHS Test and Trace will work with the positive case to identify close contacts. Classes will not be automatically closed in the event of a positive case.	×		
Contact with individuals who are required to self-isolate is minimised by ensuring they do not attend the school		⊠		
Anybody contacted by NHS Test and Trace or local health protection team and told to self-isolate because they have been a close contact of a positive case, has a legal obligation to do so		⊠		

Pupils, staff and other adults must not come into the school if they have symptoms, have had a positive test result or other reasons requiring them to stay at home due to the risk of them passing on COVID-19 (for example, they are required to quarantine)		⊠	
In most cases, parents and carers will agree that a pupil with symptoms should not attend the school, given the potential risk to others. If a parent or carer insists on a pupil attending your school, you can take the decision to refuse the pupil if, in your reasonable judgement, it is necessary to protect other pupils and staff from possible infection with COVID-19.	Your decision would need to be carefully considered in light of all the circumstances and current public health advice	⊠	
Schools are not required to use the NHS COVID Pass, unless they are holding a specific event (such as a reception, concert or party) that meets the attendance thresholds	Where applicable, schools should follow guidance on mandatory certification for events. Under 18s are exempt from showing their COVID Status but should be counted towards attendance thresholds	⊠	
The NHS COVID Pass is not used as a condition of entry for education or related activities such as exams, teaching, extracurricular activities or any other day-to-day activities that are part of education or training		⊠	
Settings will continue to have a role in working with health protection teams in the case of a local outbreak. If there is a substantial increase in the number of positive cases in a setting or if central government offers the area an enhanced response package, a director of public health might advise a setting to temporarily reintroduce some control measures		×	
The Operational Guidance sets out the measures that all education settings should have in place to manage transmission of COVID-19 day to day. For most settings it will make sense to think about taking extra action if the number of positive cases substantially increases. This is because it could indicate transmission is happening in the setting	For most education and childcare settings, whichever of these thresholds is reached first: • 5 children, pupils, students or staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period; or • 10% of children, pupils, students or staff who are likely to have mixed closely test positive		

	for COVID-19 within a 10-day period		
	For special schools, residential settings, and settings that operate with 20 or fewer children, pupils, students and staff at any one time: • 2 children, pupils, students and staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period		
All settings should seek public health advice if a pupil, student, child or staff member is admitted to hospital with COVID-19. They can do this by phoning the DfE helpline (0800 046 8687, option 1), or in line with other local arrangements.	Hospitalisation could indicate increased severity of illness or a new variant of concern. Settings may be offered public health support in managing risk assessments and communicating with staff and parents.	×	
Children and young people previously considered CEV should attend their school and should follow the same COVID-19 guidance as the rest of the population. In some circumstances, a child or young person may have received personal advice from their specialist or clinician on additional precautions to take and they should continue to follow that advice Individual risk assessments for colleagues formally considered to be CEV are undertaken and reviewed regularly		\boxtimes	
Pregnant women should follow the latest government guidance and avoid anyone who has symptoms of coronavirus. Pregnant women should be particularly attentive to social distancing. Pregnant colleagues should follow the same guidance as for previously defined CEV colleagues and an individual covid risk assessment should be completed and regularly reviewed in addition to the New and Expectant Mother (NEM) workplace risk assessment The risk assessment will need specific factors to be taken into account including: — ensuring the working environment is as Covid-safe as possible, taking into account individual vaccination status and the risk of coming into contact with Covid cases as part of their role;	Coronavirus	×	

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they should not provide direct care to people who are known to have a current Covid				
infection, or symptoms suggestive of Covid				
All employers have a duty of care to their employees, and this extends to their mental health. Make sure you have explained to all staff the measures you are putting in place. Discuss with all staff any changes in place as part of these measures. Because some staff may be particularly anxious about returning, you may need extra systems in place to support staff wellbeing	Read about the: extra mental health support for pupils and teachers, Wellbeing for Education return programme Education Support provides a free helpline for school staff and targeted support for mental health and wellbeing			
Site User Becoming Unwell	-			
If anyone in school develops COVID-19 symptoms, however mild, they are sent home and told they should follow public health advice	Symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19)	×		
If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be left in a room on their own if possible and safe to do so. A window should be opened for fresh air ventilation if possible	The interview room at the front of school will be used	×		
If the pupil needs to go to the toilet while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate toilet if possible. The toilet should be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else	Disabled toilet located next to isolation room can be used. Must be cleaned down after use by member of staff wearing PPE	×		
PPE should be worn by staff caring for the pupil while they await collection if close contact is necessary		⊠		
The room used by the pupil awaiting collection should be cleaned after they have left		\boxtimes		
The household (including any siblings) should follow the UKHSA stay at home guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection	Stay at home guidance for households with possible coronavirus-covid-19 infection	×		
Everyone displaying coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should avoid using public transport and, wherever possible, be collected by a member of their family or household		×		
In exceptional circumstances, if parents or carers cannot arrange to have their child collected, if age-appropriate and safe to do so the child should walk, cycle or scoot home	If this is not possible, alternative arrangements may need to be organised by the school. The local	×		

	authority may be able to help source a suitable vehicle which would provide appropriate		
	protection for the driver, who must be made aware that the individual has tested positive or is displaying symptoms		
In an emergency, call 999 if the pupil is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk.	Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital	⊠	
Site User Developing Symptoms			
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to book a test if they are displaying symptoms. The main symptoms are a high temperature, a new continuous cough and/or a loss or change to your sense of smell or taste. Staff and pupils must not come into the school if they have symptoms, and must be sent home to self-isolate if they develop them in school. All children can be tested if they have symptoms, including children under 5, but children aged 11 and under will need to be helped by their parents or carers if using a home testing kit	The advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) will provide definitive advice on who must be sent home. A template letter will be provided to schools, on the advice of the health protection team, to send to parents and staff if needed	⊠	
Staff in all settings should undertake twice weekly home tests		\boxtimes	
There is no need for primary age pupils (those in year 6 and below) to regularly test, unless they have been identified as a contact for someone who has tested positive for Covid-19 and therefore advised to take lateral flow tests every day for 7 days		⊠	
Staff and pupils with a positive LFD test result should self-isolate in line with the stay at home guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection. They will also need to get a free PCR test to check if they have COVID-19		⊠	
If the PCR test is taken within 2 days of the positive lateral flow test, and is negative, it overrides the self-test LFD test and the pupil can return to school, as long as the individual doesn't have COVID-19 symptoms		×	
From 11 January in England, people who receive positive lateral flow device (LFD) test	Lateral flow tests are taken by people who	\boxtimes	

required to self-isolate immediately and won't be required to take a confirmatory PCR test	19 symptoms. Anyone who develops 1 of the 3 main COVID-19 symptoms should stay at home and self-isolate and take a PCR test. They must self-isolate if they get a positive test result, even if they have had a recent negative lateral flow test — these rules have not changed		
Whilst awaiting the confirmatory PCR result, the individual should continue to self-isolate		\boxtimes	
Those with symptoms are expected to order a test online or visit a test site to take a labbased polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test to check if they have the virus		×	
Pupils, staff and other adults should follow public health advice on when to self-isolate and what to do	When to self-isolate and what to do - Coronavirus (COVID-19)	×	
Individuals who are self-isolating with COVID-19 will have the option to reduce their isolation period after 5 full days if they test negative with a lateral flow device (LFD) test on both day 5 and day 6 and they do not have a temperature	It is crucial that people isolating with COVID-19 wait until they have received 2 negative rapid lateral flow tests on 2 consecutive days to reduce the chance of still being infectious. For example, if they test negative on the morning of day 5 and the morning of day 5 and they can return to their education or childcare setting immediately on day 6. The first test must be taken no earlier than day 5 of the self-isolation period, and the second must be	\boxtimes	

	taken the following day. All test results should be reported to NHS Test and Trace. If the result of either of their tests is positive, they should continue to self-isolate until they get negative results from two LFD tests on consecutive days or until they have completed 10 full days of self-isolation, whichever is earliest. Anyone who is unable to take LFD tests or anyone who continues to have a temperature will need to complete the full 10 day period of self-isolation. The default self-isolation. The default self-isolation period continues to be 10 days, and you may only leave self-isolation early if you have taken 2 rapid lateral flow tests and do not have a temperature in line with guidance		
Anyone who is unable to take LFD tests will need to complete the full 10 day period of self-		⊠	
Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene			
Staff/pupils/cleaners/contractors etc. will be reminded to clean their hands regularly, including;	Ensure that staff have sufficient time to wash their hands	⊠	

 when they arrive at the school when they return from breaks when they change rooms before and after eating 	regularly, as frequently as pupils. All staff and children to wash hands on arrival and before lunch as part of regular handwashing regime. For children, this will be supervised.		
	Handwashing to also take place as and when required.		
	Hand gel not to be used by children unless in exceptional circumstances or if there is a child who struggles to hand wash.		
Consideration given to how often pupils and staff will need to wash their hands and incorporated time for this is in timetables or lesson plans		×	
Staff working with pupils who spit uncontrollably may want more opportunities to wash their hands than other staff		×	
Pupils who use saliva as a sensory stimulant or who struggle with 'catch it, bin it, kill it' may also need more opportunities to wash their hands and this has been considered		×	
Help given to pupils with complex needs to clean their hands properly		\boxtimes	
Risk assessments for pupils with complex needs that may struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as their peers, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant, have been updated in order to support these pupils and the staff working with them	This will be linked into individual EHCP risk assessments for children	×	
Hands are washed with liquid soap & water for a minimum of 20 seconds		\boxtimes	
The school has considered whether they have enough hand washing or hand sanitiser 'stations' available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly		×	
Alcohol based hand cleansers/gels can only be used if soap and water are not available, but is not a substitute for hand washing. Such gels MUST ONLY BE USED UNDER CLOSE SUPERVISION. In normal circumstances pupils should not be using alcohol based hand cleansers because of the risk of ingestion	Skin friendly cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative	×	
School has embedded hand washing routines into school culture, supported by behaviour		×	

expectations to help ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs understand the need to follow them			
The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach is very important and is promoted	Germs spread easily, Always carry tissues and use them to catch your cough or sneeze. BIN IT Germs can live for several hours on tissues Dispose of your tissue as soon as possible. KILL IT Hands can transfer germs to every surface you touch. Clean your hands as soon as you can.	×	
Disposable tissues are available in each room for both staff and pupil use		×	
Bins (ideally lidded pedal bins) for tissues are available in each room	Additional bin within classroom for use with disposable tissues.	×	
School has embedded the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach to ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs get this right, and that all pupils understand that this is now part of how the school operates	The e-bug website contains free resources for schools, including materials to encourage good hand and respiratory hygiene	⊠	
Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE			
Face coverings are worn when moving around the premises, outside of classrooms, such as in corridors and communal areas in all settings by staff and visitors unless they are exempt		×	
Teachers are not expected to wear a face covering in the classroom if they are at the front of the class, to support education delivery, although settings are sensitive to the needs of individual teachers		×	
Transparent face coverings, which may assist communication with someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate, can also be worn	Transparent face coverings may be effective in reducing the spread of COVID-19. However, the evidence to support this is currently very limited.	×	
Face coverings (whether transparent or cloth) should fit securely around the face to cover the nose and mouth and be made with a breathable material capable of filtering airborne particles		×	
Face visors or shields can be worn by those exempt from wearing a face covering but they	Visors may protect against droplet spread in specific	\boxtimes	

are not an equivalent alternative in terms of source control of virus transmission	circumstances but are unlikely to be effective in preventing aerosol transmission, and therefore in a school environment are unlikely to offer appropriate protection to the wearer. Visors should only be used by those exempt from wearing a face covering after carrying out a risk assessment for the specific situation and should always be cleaned appropriately		
Those who rely on visual signals for communication, or communicate with or provide support to such individuals, are exempt from any requirement to wear face coverings in schools or in public places		⊠	
Clear instructions are provided to staff on how to put on, remove, store and dispose of face coverings, to avoid inadvertently increasing the risks of transmission		×	
 When wearing a face covering, staff, visitors and pupils should: wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds or use hand sanitiser before putting a face covering on avoid touching the part of the face covering in contact with the mouth and nose, as it could be contaminated with the virus change the face covering if it becomes damp or if they've touched the part of the face covering in contact with the mouth and nose avoid taking it off and putting it back on a lot in quick succession to minimise potential contamination		×	
When removing a face covering, staff, visitors and pupils should: • wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds or use hand sanitiser before removing • only handle the straps, ties or clips • not give it to someone else to use • if single-use, dispose of it carefully in a household waste bin and do not recycle		⊠	

 once removed, store reusable face coverings in a plastic bag until there is an opportunity to wash them. if reusable, wash it in line with manufacturer's instructions at the highest temperature appropriate for the fabric wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds or use hand sanitiser once removed 			
Where a face covering becomes damp, it should not be worn and the face covering should be replaced carefully	Staff and pupils may consider bringing a spare face covering to wear if their face covering becomes damp during the day	⊠	
PPE for coronavirus (COVID-19) is required when performing <u>aerosol generating</u> <u>procedures (AGPs)</u>		⊠	
When working with children and young people who cough, spit or vomit but do not have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, only any PPE that would be routinely worn, is worn		×	
Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronaviru	JS		
School strongly encourages parents and other visitors to take a lateral flow device (LFD) test before entering the school		×	
Key contractors are made aware of the school's control measures and ways of working	Schools should have discussions with key contractors about the school's control measures and ways of working. Latest version of Risk Assessment provided to Civic Enterprise and Mellors.	\boxtimes	
School ensures site guidance on is explained to visitors and contractors on or before arrival		\boxtimes	
Contractors to provide updated risk assessment prior to visit which includes their own controls round infection spread prevention	_	×	
As normal, school engages with their local immunisation providers to provide immunisation programmes on site, ensuring these are delivered in keeping with the school's control measures	These programmes are essential for children's health and wellbeing	×	
Inadequate Ventilation			

Co2 monitors used and monitored to detect areas of poor ventilation Where Co2 monitor readings are consistently high for at least 1 week (1500ppm or higher) the school has either bid for air cleaning units (HEPA filtration) or purchased units to improve ventilation	RP175.01 How to apply for a DfE funded air cleaning unit.pdf - Google Drive	×	
	This can be achieved by a variety of measures including:		
Occupied spaces must always be well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment maintained	mechanical ventilation systems – these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply)		
Ventilate spaces with outdoor air	Natural ventilation – if necessary external opening doors may also be used provided this doesn't compromise safeguarding measures	×	
Where possible, occupied room windows should be open		\boxtimes	
Switch air handling units with recirculation to 100% outdoor air where this is not possible, systems are operated as normal	Further advice on this can be found in Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak and CIBSE coronavirus (COVID-19) advice.	×	
Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding), to limit use of door handles and assist with creating a throughput of air	Fire doors must not be propped open unless they have a	×	

			sing hold evice fitte					
system is activa	where the school heating ted, windows are open to entilation rather than being	natural - openi (in cool window opened to provi backgro ventilati opened during l	ventilat ng windo er weatho s should just eno de const	ion bws er be ugh ant	⊠			
	iven to opening high level erence to low level to reduce				×	ı		
	iven to only opening every stead of all windows when the ated				\boxtimes			
If school needs	to use additional heaters they , oil filled electric heaters	used sp to incre	Electric fan heaters used sparingly due to increased fire and electrical risk		×			
_	ulted with the people/represent of the preparation of this risk as		•	the	Ye	s 🗵		No 🗆
	el of risk for this activity/situatio			rol	High ⊠	n M	led _	Low
Is the risk adeq	uately controlled with existing	control mea	asures		Ye	s 🛛		No 🗵
	fied any further control measur orded them in the action plan	res needed	l to contro	ol	Ye	s 🗆		No 🗵
	AN (insert additional rows if requ	*		To	be ac	tioned	by	
Further contr	Further control measures to reduce risks so far as is reasonably practicable Name			Date				
								_
	k level assigned to the task AF on plan measures taken as a r	•		on of	High		led ⊠	Low
Is such a risk level deemed to be as low as reasonably practical?			Ye	s 🛛		No 🗆		
Is activity still acceptable with this level of risk?			Yes ⊠ No □		No 🗆			
If no, has this been escalated to senior leadership team?			Ye	s 🗆		No 🗆		
Assessor(s): Position(s):	Eleanor Jones SBM James Rourke Headteacher	Signature	e(s):					

Date:	05/01/2022	Review Date:	

Distribution:

Risk rating	Action
HIGH	Urgently review/add controls & monitor, notify H&S Team (if Likely or Highly Likely – stop work, seek competent advice)
MEDIUM	Review/add controls (as far as reasonably practicable) & monitor
LOW	Monitor control measures

Catastrophic	Fatal injury/permanent disability
Major	RIDDOR reportable Specified Injury/
Moderate	RIDDOR reportable over 7 day injury
Minor	Minor injury (requiring first aid)
Insignificant	Minor injury

Highly likely	More likely to occur
Likely	
Possible	
Unlikely	
Remote	Less likely



LIKELIHOOD

ISSUE DATE: ISSUE No:

Civic Enterprsie Leeds Cleaning

COVID CLEANING SCHEDULE

BUILDING NAME: Lord Deramores CLIENT DEPT: EDUCATION

FREQUENCY	TASK NAME	ITEMS TO CLEAN	AREA DESCRIPTION	PERFORMANCE STANDARD
	EMPTY BINS	WASTE BINS	ALL AREAS - EXCLUDING PREP ROOMS	BINS MUST BE COMPLETELY EMPTY OF WASTE MATERIAL
	CLEAN HYGIENE AREAS & OTHER SINKS	SANITARY FURNITURE, FIXTURES, FITTINGS & FLOORS	ALL AREAS	ALL SANITARY FURNITURE, FIXTURES, FITTINGS & FLOORS MUST CLEAN, DRY & FREE FROM SOILAGE. CORNERS & EDGES FREE FROM BUILD UP
DAILY	DAMP WIPE	GENERAL SURFACES, FURNITURE, FIXTURES & FITTINGS	ALL CLASSROOMS, SOCIAL, CIRCULATION & ENTRANCE AREAS, LIBRARY, CLOAKROOM & WORKSHOP AREAS. STAIRS & LANDINGS HALL & OFFICES	ALL SURFACES MUST BE FREE FROM DIRT
DAILT	CLEAN GLASS	INTERNAL GLASS & SUBSTITUTES	ENTRANCE AREAS WHERE APPLICABLE	FINGER MARKS & SMEARS MUST BE REMOVED & THE ORIGINAL LUSTRE RESTORED
	SWEEP	HARD FLOORS	ALL AREAS - EXCLUDING PREP ROOMS	FLOOR SURFACE MUST BE FREE FROM LOOSE SOILAGE
	VACUUM	CARPETS	WHERE REQUIRED	CARPETS SHOULD BE FREE FROM LOOSE DIRT
	DAMP MOP	HARD FLOORS	CLASSROOMS, SOCIAL, CLOAKROOM & ENTRANCE AREAS, STAIRS & LANDINGS	FLOOR SURFACE MUST BE FREE FROM SOILAGE, STREAKS & SCI MARKS. CORNERS & EDGES MUST BE FREE FROM BUILD-UP
2 Y WEEKI Y	DAMP WIPE	WASTE BINS	ALL AREAS - EXCEPT PREP ROOMS	EXTERNAL & INTERNAL SURFACES WIPED CLEAN & LEFT SOIL FR
2 X WEEKLY	DAMP MOP	HARD FLOORS	SOCIAL AREAS, HALLS, LIBRARY, OFFICES & WORKSHOPS	FLOOR SURFACE MUST BE FREE FROM SOILAGE, STREAKS & SCI MARKS. CORNERS & EDGES MUST BE FREE FROM BUILD-UP
WEEKLY	BUFF / SPRAY CLEAN (where applicable)	HARD FLOORS	CLOAKROOMS, HALLS, DOMESTIC & SOCIAL AREAS	SURFACE MUST BE FREE FROM DIRT & HAVE AN EVEN SHEEN. CORNERS & EDGES MUST BE FREE FROM BUILD-UP

POLISH	POLI	FURNITURE	WHERE APPLICABLE	SURFACE MUST BE FREE FROM DIRT & HAVE AN EV
CLEAN GLASS	CLEAN	INTERNAL GLASS & SUBSTITUES	ALL AREAS	FINGER MARKS & SMEARS MUST BE REMOVED & TH LUSTRE RESTORED