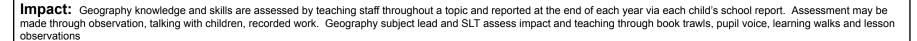
## GEOGRAPHY CURRICULUM PLAN - LORD DERAMORE'S PRIMARY SCHOOL

**Intent:** Geography is the cornerstone of Lord Deramore's because it embodies the whole school's culture that is made up of a broad range of ethnicities, religions and creeds from across the world to create and blend into the multi-cultural population we have here. Our vision is to build a geography curriculum that is relevant to where our children are from, with local studies and engagement in the local community. We celebrate children's own experiences to share their own stories to build a culture within our school that celebrates diversity and develops a deeper understanding with direct links to many countries around the world. Due to our unique population at school, we have many opportunities that other schools may not have and we use this to build a broad curriculum whilst encouraging a love and appreciation of the world we live in and what we can do to be the difference.

**Implementation:** Geography is taught primarily through Phase topics each term. Topics are on a two or three year cycle depending on the number of classes in the phase. Enrichment activities including visitors, experiences and field trips are carefully planned to enhance the topic and provide first hand and memorable experiences. Progression across each year group and phase is outlined in the progression document, along with key vocabulary, knowledge and skills that children will be taught.







	PHASE 1		PHASE 2		PHASE 3		
	FS2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Knowledge (substantive and disciplinary)	life in this country and drawing on knowledge texts and – when appropring G1 Locational Knowledge Name and locate the focities of the UK and its:  G2 Place Knowledge Understand geograph	es of animals and plants. surrounds and and talk about the erience and books. changes in the natural nd seasons. munities (ELG) environment using ion, discussion, stories, s Know some similarities different religious and is country, drawing on at has been read in class. and differences between I life in other countries, from stories, non-fiction iate – maps.	continents and five b) Identify characterist and capital cities surrounding seas. c) Locate the world's focus on Europe ( Russia) and North concentrating on the key physical and countries and major d) Name and locate the UK  G2 Place Knowledge Understand geograph differences through stu physical geography of a of a small area in a c country.  G3 Human and Physical ( a) Identify seasonal ar in the UK and the	te the world's seven a oceans. The countries of the four countries of the UK and its countries, using maps to fincluding the location of the and South America, are environmental regions, human characteristics, cities. Countries and cities of the UK and contrasting non-European and daily weather patterns location of hot and cold in relation to the Equator	the location of Russ their environmental countries and major b) Name and locate co their identifying hur features (hills, moun understand how som c) Identify the position Northern Hemispher Capricorn, Arctic and time zones (including Understand geographica human and physical geogrountry, and a region with G3 Human and Physical (a) Describe and understand earthquakes, and b) Describe and under types of settlement as	countries, using maps to fosia) and North and South A regions, key physical arcities.  unties and cities of the UK, man and physical character of these aspects have character of these aspects have character of latine, coasts and rivers), and significance of latine, Southern Hemisphere, digital and night).  I similarities and different of graphy of a region of the Uk, in North or South America.  Geography stand key aspects of physis and vegetation belts, riversides.	America, concentrating on ad human characteristics, geographical regions and eristics, key topographical and land-use patterns; and hanged over time. Itude, longitude, Equator, the Topics of Cancer and erGreenwich Meridian and eristic and land-use patterns; and hanged over time. Itude, longitude, Equator, the Topics of Cancer and erGreenwich Meridian and eristic and the study of lik, a region in a European sical geography, including ers, mountains, volcanoes han geography, including: tivity including trade links,

- Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK
- Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical features (see vocab section).

## G4 Geographical Skills and Fieldwork

- a) Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the UK and its countries
- Identify a compass and know the simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and that they are used to show positional and direction.
- Devise a simple map' and use and construct basic symbols in a key.
- d) Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features

 Use a wider range of geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical features (see vocab section).

## G4 Geographical Skills and Fieldwork

- Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the UK and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this phase.
- Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language (e.g. near and far; left and right) to describe the location of features and routes on a map.
- Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map' and use and construct basic symbols in a key.
- d) Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.

## G4 Geographical Skills and Fieldwork

- a) Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.
- b) Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the UK and the wider world.
- c) Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map' and use and construct basic symbols in a key.
- d) Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.

Progression
and
Expectations

Name the countries that are significant to them (e.g. where they live, where they have been on holiday)scotland

Talk about what they see in their immediate surroundings. Holiday packing Bridge building

Talk about the changes in the seasons and the weather. Weather

Talk about similarities and differences in daily weather patterns and the seasons

Show interest in maps and know what they are used for. A bus journey

Name the four countries in the UK and locate them on a map.

Exploring the UK

Scotland Jack and the Flum Flum Tree Now Press Play

Know the names of the three mains seas that surround the UK.

Know about some of the features of an island. Mountains in the sand

Know where I live and tell someone my address. A letter home

Know what I like and do not like about the place I live. London My School

Keep a weather chart and answer questions about the weather.

Know about some of the main things that are in hot and cold places<u>Antarctica</u>.

Know which clothes I would wear in hot and cold places. Packing for holidays

Know how the weather changes throughout the year and name the seasons.

Point to the equator, North and South Pole on an atlas and globe.

Know the four main directions on a compass are North, East, South and West. Compass drections

Know that they can use a gobe, map or atlas to locate places Making

Maps Aerial Photos Aerial forest views China

Name the continents of the world and locate them on a map.Continents and Oceans

Name the capital cites of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

Name the world's oceans and locate them on a map.

Name the key cites of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

Know what I like and do not like about a place that is different to the one I live in.

Describe a place outside Europe using geographical words.

Identify the seasons and their characteristic weather patterns. <u>Wind</u> <u>Story Weather in Calafornia</u>

Know the key features of a place from a picture using words like beach, coast, forest, hill, mountain, ocean, valley. Human and physical features Europe fact files.

Know about the facilities that a village, town and city may need and give reasons. <u>Visit to York</u>

Know how jobs may be different in other locations

Use the directional vocabulary: near, far, left, right to explain where a location is.

Know the name of a number of countries in the northern hemisphere.

Know the capital city of at least six European countries.

Know whether a country is located in the Southern or Northern hemisphere.

Know why people may be attracted to live in cities.

Know why people may choose to live in one place rather than another. Village visit

Identify weather patterns in other parts of the world, explaining how their location affects the weather. Weather in Canada and Alaska York Floods Weather in Jamaica Weather in Singapore

Know about and locate and name some of the worlds most famous volcanoes

Know and talk about the key aspects of earthquakes and volcanoes

Locate the Tropic of Cancer, Tropic of Capricorn and Greenwich meridian, equator, north and south hemisphere on a map. Know about, name and locate some of the main islands that surround the UK.

Know the name of countries around the world and which continent they are in. Greece Flight

Know how to plan a journey from my town/city to another place in England.

Know how to find at least six cities in the UK on a map.

Name and locate geographical regions and counties of the UK.

Use research to compare features of villages, towns and cities. .<u>London Visit Settlements and place names</u>

Know and locate mountainous regions in the UK, one place on Europe and one elsewhere.

Know what is meant by a biome and that there are several biomes around the globe.
Name some of the different types of biome.Forest research

Know about what causes earthquakes. Know about some of the world's most famous volcanoes.

Know why most cities are situated by rivers. River trip

Know the difference between the British Isles, Great Britain and the UK.

Know, name and locate the capital cities of neighbouring European countries.

Know the countries that make up the European Union. Greece Flight

Identify human and physical characteristics of regions, counties & cities.

Research to discover features of villages, towns and cities and compare the similarities and differences.

Know about, name and locate many of the world' most famous mountainous regions.

Know what is meant by a biome. Describe and locate the different biomes.

Know about key aspects of earthquakes. Know about, locate and name some of the world's most famous volcanoes. Volcano poem

Know about the course of a river. Making a river River trip River trip

Name and locate some of the worlds most famous rivers

Describe what happens in each part of the water cycle.

Know that the lines of longitude and latitude

Know the areas of origin of the main ethnic groups in the UK and in our school

Know, name and locate countries and their capitals in each continent.

Know how time zones work and calculate time differences around the world. Greece Flight

Identify key topographical features and land use patterns of regions, counties & cities. Identify changes over time.

Research to discover features of villages, towns and cities and appreciate the differences

Know why some places are similar and dissimilar in relation to their human and physical features.

Talk about how biomes affect the climate, vegetation and animal life of an area.

Name the largest deserts in the world and locate desert regions in an atlas.

Know about and describe the key aspects of earthquakes. Know about and describe the key aspects of volcanoes.

Talk about how a river creates its course and impacts the land around River trip

Vocabulary	United Kingdom, England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland, London, Cardiff, Edinburgh, Belfast, North Sea, Irish Sea, English Channel Place Knowledge Key physical features: Beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season, weather seaside, beach, weather, town, country. Key human features: buildings, city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour, shop church, playground, park address, near, far, travel, journey, routes, shop,	four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas, United Kingdom, England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland, town, city, village, sea, beach, hill, mountain, London, Belfast, Cardiff, Edinburgh, capital city, world map, continent, ocean, Europe, Africa, Asia, Australasia, North America, South America, Antarctica world's seven continents and five oceans, South America, London, Brasilia, compare, capital city, China, Asia, country,	county, country, town, coast, physical features, human features, mountain, hill, river, sea, climate, tropics, tropical, of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, county, country, town, coast, human features, landscape, feature, population, land use, retail, leisure, housing, business, industrial, agricultural, mantle, outer core, inner core, magma, volcano, active, dormant, extinct, earthquake, epicentre, shock wave, magnitude, tsunami, tornado, climate, tropics, deforestation, evaporation, water cycle, evaporation, condensation, precipitation, cooling, filter, pollution, settlement, settler, site, need, shelter, food, sketch map, map, aerial view, feature, annotation, landmark, distance, key, symbol, land use, urban, rural, population,		
		Use a globe or an atlas to locate the continents.	Name some famous rivers and know where they are located  Identify the key parts of the water cycle Water Cycle  Know how to locate the UK on a globe and in an atlas Maps and Atlases  Know about lines of longitude and latitude and the significance of the tropics and meridians.  Use a road map to plan a journey from one city or town to another.  Know what an OS map is for. Know that to read an OS map, you go along the corridor and up the stairs Know some OS symbols OS maps OS maps	determine time zones and climate.  Use maps and atlases to locate many of the world' most famous mountainous regions. Name and locate many of the world's most famous rivers  Know some more OS symbols and use the four-figure grid references OS Grid References	Name and locate most of the worlds most famous rivers  Know why ports are important and the role they plan in distributing goods around the world.  Explain how the water cycle works and why it is important.  Collect and accurately measure information (e.g. rainfall, temperature, wind speed, noise levels etc.).  Use lines of longitude to calculate time zones.  Explain why lines of latitude affect climate.  Know how to use an atlas by using the index to find places. Know how to use some basic Ordnance Survey map symbols.

key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast,

forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley,

key human features, including: city, town, village,

factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.

vegetation, season and weather;

coordinates, atlas, index, coordinates, latitude, longitude, contour, altitude,

key, climate, human geography, land use, settlement, economy, natural

resources, environmental disaster, resources, services, goods, electricity,

supply, generation, renewable, non-renewable, solar power, wind power,

peaks, slopes, continent, country, city, North America, South America, border,

Directional language - North, South, East, West,

left, right, forwards, backwards

Map, country, sea, land, journey

		population, similarities, differences, farming, culture, Africa, Kenya, Nairobi, river, desert, volcano, compass, 4-point, direction, North, East, South, West, plan, record, observe, aerial view, key, map, symbols, direction, position, route, journey, the UK, changes, tally chart, pictogram, world map, country, continent, human, physical plan, record, observe, aerial view, key, symbols, direction, position, route, the UK, changes, tally chart, pictogram, world map, country, continent, human, physical.	biomass, origin, import, export, trade, efficiency, conservation, carbon footprint, peak, plateau, fold mountain, fault-block mountain, dome mountain, volcanic mountain, plateau mountain, tourism, positive, negative, economic, social, environmental, atlas, index, coordinates, latitude, longitude, key, symbol, Ordnance Survey, Silva compass, legend, borders, fieldwork, measure, observe, record, map, sketch, graph,
Literature			
Experiences	Seaside	Open Top Bus Tour River boat trip	River study Dalby Forest St Nicholas Nature Reserve and Environmental centre
Diversity	Focus on countries and cultures represented within the class - the culture, the traditions, what we can learn from them	Focus on countries and cultures linked to explorers studies and key continental countries and cultures	Commonwealth debate Wider range of diverse nations, including indigenous peoples
Long Term Planning Links	Ongoing Thread - fieldwork, seasons, weather Year A Toys - questions about the weather Heroes - directions/compass points Journeys - 4 countries of the UK Year B Schools - comparing environments Adventures - map making Our World - UK countries/continents/oceans	Year A Weather - climate/local area observations Great Fire of London - plans and photographs Romans - UK regions/capital cities/Europe Year B Explorers -Oceans/continents/countries in northern hemisphere/compass directions Schools Then and Now - Comparing UK/Europe location/local area fieldwork On the Move - UK regions/capital cities/Europe	Year A World War II - locating countries Greece - longitude and latitude/UK characteristics/Europe comparisons Rivers - water cycle, directions around the UK, advanced field work Year B Heslington Past and Present - UK characteristics Anglo-Saxons and Scots - UK counties and cities, identifying features on maps Egypt - Global knowledge/world characteristics Year C Anglo Saxons and Vikings - settlements and trade Stone age - tectonic plates, earthquakes, volcanoes/compass points and grid references Chocolate - The Americas/Biomes